



FRAMHALDSSKÓLINN Í VESTMANNAEYJUM

Enska 102

16. maí. 09:00-10:30

Próftími 90 mínútur

Nafn : _____

Kennitala: _____

Kennari:

Hjálpargögn: Engin

Til athugunar: Prófið er 11 síður og skiptist í

Reading Comprehension 50%

Grammar and vocabulary 50%

Vægi prófpátta:

Munnlegt próf	(10%)
Verkefni + þýðing	(10%)
Kjörbók/Memory boy	(20%)
Kaflapróf	(10%)
Lokapróf:	(50%)
ALLS:	(100%)
Einkunn:	

Reading comprehension total 50%

Read the text and answer the questions in English 5%.

The little girl and the lady with the big hat

The little girl was sitting on the bus beside her mother. She was wearing a red jumper and a short blue skirt. She was about four years old. The bus stopped, and some more passengers got on. They didn't speak. They sat down in the first empty seats they came to, and it was very quiet in the bus. The last passenger to come on board was very tall. She was carrying an elegant blue umbrella and an expensive crocodile handbag. She was wearing a very large hat. The little girl stared at the hat. Mummy, She said loudly, what a funny hat. Shh, dear said her mother, don't be so rude. Someone at the back of the bus giggled. But it is a funny hat, said the little girl defiantly. The owner of the hat turned and gave the little girl a frozen smile. Oh, dear, I am sorry, said the mother. Children can be so embarrassing. All the other passengers smiled happily to themselves.

1. Where did the incident take place?

2. What was the little girl wearing?

3. How old was the little girl?

4. What was it like in the bus?

5. What was the last passenger to come on board carrying, name two things?

Read the text and answer the questions 20%

Read the text and choose the best possible answer to each question.

We take a look at the problems of shyness ... and offer some advice.

School

- 1 One of the most common situations that leaves you with that sinking feeling is reading aloud at school or presenting a speech to a room full of mates; it's enough to make the most confident person think twice about it! 'Will I sound OK; what if I do something stupid or anyone laughs?'
- 2 For a start, it'll help if you remember everyone is in the same boat and it's highly unlikely that anyone will feel so sure of themselves that they can laugh or make fun of you. Anyone who does is probably already panicking about their turn or showing off, so ignoring them is your best bet.
- 3 Don't rush. It's a common mistake to think that the quicker you speak, the faster the whole thing will be over. That may be so, but you're also more likely to make mistakes.

Friends

- 4 No matter how hard you try to be out-going and fun-loving, there are always some mates who are louder, more confident and more at ease with every situation. Nothing seems to bother them, while you start wondering what's wrong with you or why you're being left out of things.
- 5 Don't always assume that a popular, happy person must have bags of confidence; some people just manage to cover it up a bit better!
- 6 Being a good listener will win you just as many friends as being a chatterbox! There are very few people around who have the gift of *really* paying attention to what others are saying, and if you can concentrate on that, you'll never be short of friends pouring their hearts out!
- 7 It is possible to overcome shyness and develop more confidence in yourself. Loads of people do it all the time, and although it's a slow process, it's worth holding on. Coping with shyness needn't be impossible if you're prepared to face up to the difficulties and deal

with them in stages. We hope we've given you a few ideas and wish you luck ...!

Put a circle around the best answer - gerðu hring utan um besta svarið.

1. What is said in paragraph 1 about reading aloud and presenting a speech?
 - a) It is easier to do these things if you do not know the people who are listening.
 - b) Only people who are sure of themselves can do these things without feeling nervous.
 - c) These things make everyone who has to do them feel uncertain.
 - d) These things often go wrong because people have not prepared well enough for them.

2. What will 'help' (paragraph 2)? It will help if you
 - a) keep in mind that you will get your turn to laugh at others.
 - b) realise that what you have to do is difficult for all people.
 - c) think back to the last time you did the same thing successfully.
 - d) think of someone who never has any problems with shyness.

3. What advice is given about speaking in paragraph 3?
 - a) If you speak slowly, you will seem more certain of yourself.
 - b) If you take your time, there is less chance that things will go wrong.
 - c) The faster you speak, the more you can say.
 - d) The more you hurry, the sooner you finish.

4. What does paragraph 4 make clear?
 - a) If people do not talk to you, it does not have to mean that they hate you.
 - b) If you want to be popular, you really have to work hard for it.
 - c) Other people often appear to be more sure of themselves than you are.
 - d) Some of your friends are just as uncertain of themselves as you are.

5. What is said about popular, happy persons in paragraph 5?
 - a) They are not always liked as much as it seems.
 - b) They feel good because they are so sure of themselves.
 - c) They often know quite well how to hide their uneasy feelings.

6. What advice is given in paragraph 6 about making friends?
a) Always be ready to tell other people what bothers you.
b) Do not try to make friends with too many people.
c) Show that you are interested when people talk to you.
d) Stay away from people who never listen but talk a lot.
e) Think things over before you give someone advice.
7. How can you 'overcome shyness and develop more confidence in yourself'
(paragraph 7)?
a) You should be willing to keep working at it step by step.
b) You should have a good look at how other people do it.
c) You should simply behave as if you are not shy at all.
8. Find a word in paragraph 2 that means 'to feel stressed':

9. Find two words in paragraph 4 that mean 'comfortable':

10. Find a word in paragraph 7 that means 'to get rid of':

Read the jokes and answer the questions 5%

A man was pulled over for driving too fast, even though he thought he was driving just fine.

Officer: You were speeding.

Man: No, I wasn't.

Officer: Yes, you were. I'm giving you a ticket.

Man: But I wasn't speeding.

Officer: Tell that to the judge! (The officer gives man the ticket.)

Man: Would I get another ticket if I called you a jerk?

Officer: Yes, you would.

Man: What if I just thought that you were?

Officer: I can't give you a ticket for what you think.

Man: Fine, I think you're a jerk!

1. How many tickets did the man get?

_____1
_____2

2. Was the man speeding?

_____Yes
_____No

Little Matt was in the garden filling in a hole when his neighbor peered over the fence. Interested in what the cheeky-faced youngster was up to, he politely asked, "Whatcha doing, Matt?" "My goldfish died," replied Matt tearfully, without looking up. "And I've just buried him."

The neighbor was concerned. "That's an awfully big hole for a goldfish, isn't it?"

Matt patted down the last heap of earth then replied, "That's because he's inside your damned cat."

3. Who was buried

- a. The cat
- b. The goldfish
- c. Nobody yet
- d. The goldfish and the cat

4. How did the goldfish die?

- a. He drowned
- b. He was eaten
- c. He didn't die
- d. He was never alive

5. What do you think Matt had in his hand?

- a. A cat
- b. A shovel
- c. A goldfish
- d. A fence

Translation (20%)

Vocabulary 10% Þýddu orðin yfir á íslensku.

1. _____ colleague
2. _____ father in law
3. _____ Advertisements
4. _____ Have a plastic surgery
5. _____ outskirts of town
6. _____ cottage
7. _____ inherit money
8. _____ success
9. _____ sequel
10. _____ volleyball

Vocabulary 10% Þýddu þessi orð yfir á ensku.

1. _____ ala e-n upp
2. _____ eiga margt sameiginlegt
3. _____ Bláamaður
4. _____ keppandi
5. _____ dauflægur
6. _____ þröngt
7. _____ spara pening
8. _____ fjárfesta í
9. _____ skokka
10. _____ servíetta

Grammar and vocabulary 50%

Ljúkið við setningarnar með því að nota orðin í sviganum. Notið einnig sögnina to do í öllum svörunum, en munið að breyta henni eftir tíð(5%)

- _____bones_____growing? (stop)
- How much water _____the brain_____? (contain)
- _____you_____hair on your tongue? (have)
- Which vitamin_____the liver_____? (produce)
- _____hair _____faster in hot weather? (grow)

Past simple. Ljúktu við setningarnar með því að breyta sögnunum úr sviganum í þátíð (5%)

- Spartan children (take)_____baths only twice a year.
- Greek actors (wear)_____masks and special boots.
- Roman mathematics (have)_____no zero.
- Most Roman girls (get)_____married at the age of 18.
- The Romans (know) _____how to make soap and cement.

Present simple. Setjið sagnirnar í sviganum í nútíð í eyðurnar (5%)

The plane (leave) _____in half an hour.

He (to be) _____at the airport right now.

My best friend (love) _____science fiction films.

I (not/interest) _____in cars.

Fire (need) _____oxygen to burn.

Teljanleg og óteljanleg nafnorð 10% Hver af þessum eru óteljanleg og hver teljanleg. Setjið þau í réttann kassa.

Village - café - meal - restaurant - sugar - water - soup - news - luggage - weather.

Countable nouns/teljanleg nafnorð	Uncountable nouns/óteljanleg nafnorð

Setjið a, an, the eða ekkert í eyðurnar 5%.

This is _____ map of _____ Brazil.

I enjoy playing _____ tennis, but she enjoys playing _____ piano.

We will meet him at _____ Christmas.

Present perfect simple. Notaðu sögn úr sviganum til að ljúka við setningarnar, passaðu að nota have og breyta tíðinni 5%

- a) About 15% of protein eaten by humans (always come)
_____ from fish.
- b) Recently, however, the number of fish (fall)
_____.
- c) Several things (cause) _____ this problem.
- d) Most scientists agree that governments (not do)
_____ enough to stop.
- e) This means that fish populations (grow)
_____ smaller.

Present perfect continuous. Gerðu vel skiljanlegan hring utan um það sem valið er 5%.

Scientists have recently **identified / have been identifying** a new species of animal in the rainforest of Borneo. They **have been searching / searched** for this creature for several years. Australian scientists **have been discovering / have discovered** a new coral reef. Recently divers **have managed / have been managing** to reach the reefs and take photographs. Scientists think they **found / have found** two new moons circling the planet Pluto.

Present continuous. Ljúktu við textann með því að nota orðin í

svigunum og breyta þeim í samsetta nútíð (5%)

Good afternoon everybody. I (speak) _____ to you from Mount Surprisins. A team of scientists (visit) _____ the Volcano. I (stand) _____ here near the top of the crater and (look) _____ down into the Volcano. At the moment the four scientists are (climb) _____ down into the crater.

Future/Framtíð. Ljúktu við hverja setningu með því að nota orð úr listanum. Þau eru of mörg, þú þarft aðeins að nota 5. 5%

I´ll be waiting - I´ll be watching - I´ll be starting - I´ll be catching

I´ll be working - I´ll be lying - I´ll be living - I´ll be going

Don´t phone at 9.00, because _____ the game then.

This time tomorrow _____ the plane to Brazil.

This time next week _____ my holiday!

All tomorrow afternoon _____ on my history project.

_____ outside the cinema at 7:30. See you then!